§ 1437.306

- (c) The eligible nursery stock must be placed in the ornamental nursery facility and not be indigenous to the facility.
- (d) The facility must be managed and cared for using good nursery growing practices for the geographical region. At a minimum producers must provide a controlled environment and ensure adequate and proper flood prevention, growing medium, fertilization, irrigation, insect and disease control, weed control, rodent and wildlife control, and over-winterization storage facilities.
- (e) An ornamental plant having any value as an ornamental plant, or a damaged ornamental plant that may rejuvenate and re-establish value as an ornamental plant, shall be considered as worth full value based on the age or size of the plant at the time of disaster.
- (f) In the crop year in which a notice of loss is filed, producers may be required, at the discretion of CCC, to provide evidence the ornamental nursery is maintained in accordance with this section.

§ 1437.306 Christmas tree crops.

- (a) A Christmas tree is a value loss crop and may generate a claim for benefits under this part only if the tree was grown exclusively for commercial use as a Christmas tree, and only if other requirements of this section are met.
- (b) The unit of measure for all Christmas tree crops is a plant.
- (c) A Christmas tree having any value as a Christmas tree, or a damaged Christmas tree that may rejuvenate and re-establish value as a Christmas tree, shall be considered as worth full value based on the age of the tree at the time of disaster.

§1437.307 Mushrooms.

(a) Eligible mushrooms is a value loss crop and is only compensable in accord with the restrictions of this section. To be eligible, the mushrooms must be grown as a commercial crop in a facility with a controlled environment utilizing good mushroom growing practices. The facility must be located on private property either owned or leased by the producer.

- (b) The controlled environment for eligible mushrooms must include primary and backup systems for:
- (1) Temperature and humidity controls:
- (2) Proper and adequate lighting; and
- (3) Positive air pressurization and filtration.
- (c) The growing medium must consist of a substrate (a habitat and nutrient base) sterilized by heat treatment.
- (d) Good mushroom growing practices must be used, and they consist of proper and adequate insect and disease control and the maintenance of a sterile environment. Maintaining a sterile environment includes at a minimum:
 - (1) Adequate hygiene;
 - (2) Overall cleanliness;
- (3) Isolation or minimum contact procedures;
 - (4) Use of footpaths; and
- (5) Availability and frequent utilization of wash-down facilities.
- (e) In the crop year in which a notice of loss is filed, producers may be required, at the discretion of CCC, to provide evidence the mushrooms are maintained in accordance with this section.

§1437.308 Ginseng.

- (a) Ginseng is a value loss crop and is compensable only as allowed in this section. Ginseng is eligible only if:
- (1) The ginseng includes stratified seeds for use as propagation stock in a commercial ginseng operation or rootlet for commercial sale that are grown in a controlled, cultivatable environment on private property either owned or leased by the producer; and
- (2) The ginseng is grown using good ginseng growing practices with all plant needs supplied and under control of the producer;
- (b) Ginseng will not be eligible to generate benefits under this part if it:
 - (1) Is indigenous to the facility;
- (2) Is grown solely for medicinal purposes; and
- (3) Includes wild ginseng rootlet that is harvested and transplanted from woodland grown ginseng.
- (c) Good ginseng growing practices must be followed, and include, but are not limited to:
 - (1) Adequate drainage;
 - (2) Proper and adequate shade;
 - (3) Accurate pH level;